

COURSE TITLE	CREATIVITY, PROBLEM SOLVING AND INNOVATION
COURSE CODE	01AI0406
COURSE CREDITS	1

Objective:

- 1 To develop creative thinking skill in the students using cone of learning component leading to understanding of various strategies for creativity, problem solving and innovation
- 2 To develop creative thinking skill in the students using cone of learning components leading to understanding of various strategies for creativity, problem solving and innovation.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, student will be able to:

- 1 Importance of creativity, problem solving and innovation while addressing science, engineering and social issues.
- 2 Demonstrate the ability to contextualize knowledge related to professional engineering practices.
- 3 Demonstrate the functioning effectively as an individual and team member.
- 4 Ability to engage in life-long learning in the context of technological change.

Pre-requisite of course: Zeal to learn the subject.

Teaching and Examination Scheme

Theory Hours	Tutorial Hours	Practical Hours	ESE	IA	CSE	Viva	Term Work
0	0	2	0	30	0	20	0

Contents : Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
Total Hours		

Suggested List of Experiments:

Contents : Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
1	Phase 1 To introduce the subject of the course: this course as a needed skill for your future. Psychology of problem solving; Vertical versus Lateral thinking	2
2	Phase 2 Strategy of Questioning; Method of questioning; Importance of asking the right question. Who, what, when, where, why, how?	2

Suggested List of Experiments:

Contents : Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
3	Phase 3 Learning and its importance; Sources of learning; Methods of learning. Purpose and value of education in future creativity in real life.	2
4	Phase 4 Strategy of Knowing how to see; Making your thought visible; Visualizing thinking; Mapping of mind, Fishbone diagram.	2
5	Phase 5 Strategy of Thinking Fluency; Generating all possibilities; more the better; Quantity without screening is helpful; SCAMPER technique; Creative or divergent idea generating thinking versus Critical or convergent idea selection thinking.	2
6	Phase 6 Strategy of Fusing of ideas; Making novel combinations; Connecting the unconnected.	2
7	Phase 7 Strategy of Looking at the other side, looking in other world, finding what you are not looking for and following it up.	2
8	Phase 8 Strategy of Play, Importance of play; Diversion; Unstructured activities for sheer joy, Activities for joy, Let subconscious figure it out, Various puzzles as play or fun.	2
9	Phase 9 Strategy of Awakening the collaborative spirit, Collaborative thinking, brain storming, Innovation requires collaboration to make it happen.	2
10	Phase 10 Review Strategies for Creative problem solving methods, Five building blocks as per Fogler & LeBlanc, Stanford D school approach.	2
11	Phase 11 Strategy for critical thinking for Choosing, Creative or divergent thinking needs follow up by Critical thinking or Convergent thinking in order to choose the solution for implementation, Kepner-Tregoe (K.T.) method with an example, Edward De Bono CoRT thinking process including PMI (Plus, Minus and Interesting), Also Edward de Bono method of decision making called Six thinking hats.	2
12	Phase 12 Edward de Bono explaining and teaching his ideas having evolved many years ago consisting as CoRT thinking tool, Lateral thinking and the decision making by Six thinking hats method.	2
13	Phase 13 Strategy for Making; From idea to innovation.	2

Suggested List of Experiments:

Contents : Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
14	Phase 14 Individual presentation for 75 minutes by 15 students (5 minutes per student).	2
Total Hours		28

Textbook :

- 1 Zig Zag, The surprising path to greater creativity, R. Keith Sawyer, Tata, 2013

References:

- 1 The surprising path to greater creativity, The surprising path to greater creativity, R. Keith Sawyer, Zig Zag, 2013
- 2 The creative power of Collaboration, The creative power of Collaboration, Keith Sawyer, Group Genius, 2007
- 3 Crackling Creativity, The secrets of creative genius, Crackling Creativity, The secrets of creative genius, Michael Michalko, -, 2001

Suggested Theory Distribution:

The suggested theory distribution as per Bloom's taxonomy is as follows. This distribution serves as guidelines for teachers and students to achieve effective teaching-learning process

Distribution of Theory for course delivery					
Remember / Knowledge	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Higher order Thinking / Creative